## English Language Arts

Reading Curriculum
2019

Kindergarten

Montague Township School

Kindergarten Reading Curriculum
Unit Title: Routines: Launching the Reading Workshop
Unit Title: We Are Readers (Unit 1, Lucy Calkins)
Unit Title: Reading Powers (Unit 2, Super Powers, Lucy
Calkins) Unit Title: Developing Strong Readers
Unit 4 : Informational Reading/Poetry

## First Grade Reading Curriculum

Unit Title: Launching/Building Good Habits
Unit Title: Reading Nonfiction
Unit Title: Reading Fluency/Comprehension
Unit Title: Retelling / Story Elements

## Second Grade Reading Curriculum

Unit Title: Launch (1)
Unit Title: Unit Building Good Habits (2)
Unit Title: Elements of Nonfiction (3)
Unit Title: Building Stamina with Longer \& More Complex Texts
(4) Unit Title: Book Clubs (5)

Unit Title: Fairy Tales, Fables, and Folktales

## Third Grade Reading Curriculum

Unit Title: Routines: Launching the Reading Workshop
Unit Title: Unit 1 Building a Reading Life
Unit Title: Unit 2 Reading to Learn/Nonfiction
Unit Title: Unit 3 Character Studies
Unit Title: Unit 4 Research Clubs
Unit Title: Unit 5 Learning Through Reading

## Fourth Grade Reading Curriculum

Unit Title: Routines: Launching the Reading Workshop
Unit Title: Unit 1 Interpreting Characters: The Heart of the
Story Unit Title: Unit 2: Reading the Weather, Reading the
World Unit Title: Unit 3: Reading History: The American
Revolution Unit Title: Unit 4: Historical Fiction Clubs
Unit Title: Unit 5: Mythology/ Folklore
Unit Title: Unit 6: Poetry, Drama, \& Prose
Fifth Grade Reading Curriculum
Unit Title: Launching
Unit Title: Unit 1 Reading Literature - Fifth graders study characters Unit Title: Historical Fiction Book Clubs

Unit Title: Informational Reading: Reading with a Critical
Lens Unit Title: Cross Genre Reading
Unit Title: Literature: Fantasy Book Clubs

## Sixth Grade Reading Curriculum

Unit Title: Agency and Independence- Launching
Unit Title: Character Study - Clubs
Unit Title: Comparing Themes in Literature
Unit Title: Nonfiction Reading: Navigating Expository, Narrative and Hybrid Nonfiction

Unit Title: Mixed Genre - Biography
Unit Title: Poetry - Clubs

## Seventh Grade Reading Curriculum .

Unit Title: Literature: Launching the Reading Workshop Unit Title: Literature: Launching the Reading Workshop Unit Title: Reading Literature - Exploring themes in Award Winning Novels

Unit Title: Multimedia - Research Reading - Studying History Unit Title: Reading Informational Text to Define our Position Unit Title: Poetry

Unit Title: Social Issues Book Club

## Eighth Grade Reading Curriculum

Unit Title: Literature: Launch into Literature and Media
Unit Title: Informational Reading as Researchers to take a Position Unit Title: Cross Genre Book Clubs - Historical Readings Unit Title: Literature - Study of Classic Literature

English Language Arts Mapping Guide

|  | September | October | November | December | January | February | March | April | May | June |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| K | Launch ) | We are <br> Readers <br> Emergent | We are Readers | Readers Use Strategies | Readers Use Strategies |  | Stronger | Informational Reading | Informational Reading | Poetry |
| 1 | Launch | Building Good Habits | Reading <br> NonFiction | Reading Fluency | Reading Fluency/ Comprehension | Reading Fluency/ Comprehension | Reading Fluency/ Comprehension | Retelling | Story Elements | Story Elements |


| 2 | Launch | Building Good Habits | Building Good Habits | Elements of Non-Fiction | Elements of Non-Fiction | Building Stamina/ Complex Text | Building Stamina/ Complex Text | Book Clubs | Fairy Tales/ Fables/ Folktales | Fairy Tales/ Fables/ Folktales |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | Routines | Building a Reading Life | Reading to Learn NonFiction | Learn/ Nonfiction <br> Character Studies | Character Studies Research Clubs | Research Clubs | Learning Through Reading | Poetry | Solving the Mystery | Solving the Mystery |
| 4 | Launch | Interpreting Characters | Interpreting Characters <br> Reading the World | Reading the World | Reading History | Reading <br> History <br> Historical <br> Fiction | Historical Fiction <br> Mythology/ Folk Lore | Mythology/ Folk Lore | Poetry/Drama Prose | Poetry/Drama Prose |
| 5 | Launch | Reading Literature | Reading Literature/ Historical Fiction | Historical Fiction | Informational Reading | Informational Reading | Cross Genre Reading | Cross Genre Reading | Fantasy Book Clubs | Fantasy Book Clubs |
| 6 | Launch Character Study | Character Study/ Comparing Themes | Comparing Themes | Nonfiction <br> Reading, <br> Navigating <br> Expository... | Nonfiction <br> Reading, <br> Navigating <br> Expository... | Nonfiction <br> Reading, <br> Navigating <br> Expository... | Biography | Biography | Poetry Clubs | Poetry Clubs |
| 7 | Launch/ <br> Award <br> Winning <br> Novels | Award <br> Winning <br> Novels | Studying History | Studying History | Define Our Position | Define Our Position | Poetry | Poetry | Social Issues Book Clubs | Social Issues Book Clubs |
| 8 | Launch into Literature and Media | Literary Interpretation | Literary Interpretation | Reading as Researchers to Take a Position | Reading as Researchers to Take a Position | Cross Genre <br> Book Clubs | Classic Literature | Classic Literature | Poetry | Poetry |


|  | September | October | November | December | January | February | March | April | May | June |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| K | We are Readers | We are Readers <br> Emergent Reading | Emergent <br> Reading Super <br> Powers | Super Powers | Bigger Books... | Bigger Books... <br> Growing Expertise... | Growing <br> Expertise... | Becoming Avid Readers | Becoming Avid Readers <br> Readers are Resourceful... | Readers are Resourceful... |
| 1 | Building Good Reading Habits | Building Good Reading Habits <br> Word Detectives | Word Detectives <br> Learning about the World... | Learning about the World... | Readers Get to Know Characters | Readers Get to Know Characters <br> Readers have Big Jobs To Do | Readers have Big Jobs To Do | Meeting Characters and Learning Lessons | Meeting Characters and Learning Lessons <br> Reading Nonfiction | Reading <br> Nonfiction |
| 2 | Second Grade Reading Growth Spurt | Second Grade Reading Growth Spurt | Becoming <br> Experts: Reading Nonfiction | Becoming <br> Experts: Reading Nonfiction | Studying <br> Characters and <br> Their Stories | Bigger Books Mean Amping Up Reading Power | Bigger Books Mean Amping Up Reading Power <br> Reading <br> Nonfiction | Reading Nonfiction | Series Book Clubs | Series Book Clubs |
| 3 | Building a Reading Life | Building a Reading Life <br> Mystery... | Mystery... <br> Reading to Learn... | Reading to Learn... | Character Studies | Character Studies | Unit of Choice/Test Prep | Research Clubs... | Research Clubs... <br> Design Your Own Unit/Learning from Countries... | Design Your Own Unit/Learning from Countries... |
| 4 | Interpreting Characters | Interpreting Characters <br> Reading the Weather | Reading the Weather Historical Fiction Clubs | Historical Fiction Clubs | Interpretation Book CLubs | Interpretation Book CLubs | Unit of Choice/Test Prep | Reading History... | Reading History... <br> Nonfiction Book Clubs | Nonfiction Book Clubs |
| 5 | Interpretation Book Clubs | Interpretation <br> Book Clubs <br> Tackling Complexity | Tackling Complexity Argument and Advocacy | Argument and Advocacy | Reading Like a Fan OR Interpretation Book Clubs... | Reading Like a Fan OR Interpretation Book Clubs... | Unit of Choice/Test Prep | Reading in the Content Area | Reading in the Content Area Fantasy Book Clubs | Fantasy Book Clubs |
| 6 | Turning Every <br> Kid Into a Reader-and a Character Analyst | Turning Every <br> Kid Into a Reader-and a Character Analyst | Social Issues <br> Book Clubs | Social Issues <br> Book Clubs | Nonfiction: A Study of Text Complexity | Nonfiction: A Study of Text Complexity | Unit of Choice/Test Prep | Unit of Choice/Test Prep Design Your Own Unit/Fantasy Book Clubs | Design Your Own Unit/Fantasy Book Clubs Nonfiction Reading Across Text Sets | Nonfiction Reading Across Text Sets |


| 7 | Agency and <br> Independence... | Agency and <br> Independence... | Historical <br> Fiction Book <br> Clubs | Historical <br> Fiction Book <br> Clubs |  | Argument Reading | Argument Reading | Unit of <br> Choice/Test Prep |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Unit of <br> Choice/Test Prep <br> Design Your <br> Own Unit/How <br> to Eat a Poem | Design Your <br> Own Unit/How <br> to Eat a Poem <br> Nonfiction Book <br> Clubs | Nonfiction Book <br> Clubs |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| 8 | Textual Lineages... | Textual Lineages... | Dystopian Book Clubs | Dystopian Book Clubs | Argument Reading | Argument Reading | Unit of Choice/Test Prep | Unit of Choice/Test Prep <br> Nonfiction Author and Craft Study | Nonfiction Author and Craft Study <br> Design Your Own Unit/Approachi ng Classics... | Design Your Own Unit/Approachi ng Classics... |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## Kindergarten Reading Curriculum

| Pacing Guide |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Content Area: English Language Arts |  |
| Grade Level: Kindergarten |  |
|  |  |
| Unit Title: Routines: Launching the Reading Workshop |  |


| Unit Title: We Are Readers | October-November |
| :---: | :---: |
| Unit Title: Readers Use Strategies to Read | December-January |
| Unit Title: We Become Stronger Readers | February-March |
| Unit Title: Informational Reading/Poetry | April-June |


| Unit Title: Routines: Launching the Reading Workshop | Grade Level: Kindergarten | Time Frame: September |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standards: Reading Standards for Literature: RL.K.1, RL.K.2, RL.K.4, RL.K. 10 <br> Reading Standards: Foundational Skills: RF.K. 1 <br> Speaking and Listening Standards: SL.K.1, SL.K.2, SL.K.3, SL.K.4, SL.K.6, Language Standards: L.K. 6 |  |  |
| Essential Questions: <br> - How do readers build good habits? <br> - How does building routines help us in the classroom? - Why is it important to know how to work on our own and with others? | Unit Goals/Enduring Und <br> - Readers build good <br> - Readers follow Read <br> - Readers engage in r | es/procedures pendently and with a partner |


| Skills: <br> - Concepts of Print and Print Awareness <br> - Book handling <br> - Parts of a book (front cover, title page, back cover) <br> - Preview text / formulate questions <br> - Listen for purpose <br> - Speak clearly/develop oral language <br> - Participate in collaborative conversations (partner share) | Demonstration of Learning/Assessment Ev Formative <br> - Informal assessment/notes-checklist <br> - Conference Notes <br> - Anecdotal Notes <br> - Small Group Observations <br> Summative <br> - Teacher Created Assessments <br> Benchmark <br> - MAP/STAR360 <br> Alternative <br> - Teacher Created Assessments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mentor Texts: <br> Are You My Mother by PD Eastman Corduroy by Don Freeman The Gingerbread Man - Folktalke Kissing Hand by Audrey Penn | Structures: <br> - Read Aloud <br> - Shared Reading <br> - Reading Workshop <br> - Conferring <br> - Partner Talk/ Reading <br> - Mid Workshop Teaching <br> - Point/ | - Small Group Work <br> - Guide Reading <br> - Strategy Lessons |


| Resources: | Integrated Modifications/Accommodations: | At Risk of School Failure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| **Refer to first 25 days to reading workshop* | Special Education | - Small group/One to one <br> - Student restates information |
| Book Basket | - Small group/One to one <br> - Additional time | - Student restates information <br> - Concrete examples |
| Books | - Review of directions | - Assistance in maintaining uncluttered |
| Read aloud | - Student provides oral responses <br> - Quiet space to calm down/relax | space <br> - Alternate quiet and active time |
| Anchor charts |  |  |

## Interdisciplinary Connections:

## Social Studies

- learning how to follow rules and contribute to the school community
- Act out stories to demonstrate comprehension
- Make up songs, using familiar tunes, to remember routines and strategies (Eg. to the tune of "Row Your Boat"- "Get out your book basket, let's meet at the rug! We'll read alone, and then together, let's not be a slug!")


## Technology

- Stamp patterns in KidPix and make a class book in youblisher.com


## Media Literacy

- Using print media (books. newspapers, magazines) to
practice reading and comprehension skills.
- Read books about students across cultures sharing their
school and literacy experiences.
$21^{\text {st }}$ Century Life and Career
- 9.1.2.CR.1: Recognize ways to volunteer in the classroom, school and community.
- 9.1.2.CR.2: List ways to give back, including making donations,
volunteering, and starting a business
- 9.4.2.CI.1: Demonstrate openness to new ideas and perspectives (e.g.,
1.1.2.CR1a, 2.1.2.EH.1, 6.1.2.CivicsCM.2).
- 9.4.2.CI.2: Demonstrate originality and inventiveness in work (e.g.,
1.3A.2CR1a).
- 9.4.2.CT.3: Use a variety of types of thinking to solve problems (e.g., inductive, deductive)
- 9.4.2.DC.2: Explain the importance of respecting digital content of others. - 9.4.2.DC.3: Explain how to be safe online and follow safe practices when using the internet (e.g., 8.1.2.NI.3, 8.1.2.NI.4).
- 9.4.2.TL.2: Create a document using a word processing application. $\bullet$
9.4.2.TL.3: Enter information into a spreadsheet and sort the information. • 9.4.2.TL.4: Navigate a virtual space to build context and describe the visual content.
- Preferential seating
- Reduction of distractions
- Follow a routine/schedule
- Teach time management skills
- Verbal and visual cues regarding directions and staying on task
- Rest breaks
- Immediate feedback
- Books on Tape

Section 504

- Small group/One to one
- Large print textbooks
- Additional time
- Student provides oral responses
- Assistance in maintaining uncluttered space
- Alternate quiet and active time
- Preferential seating
- Reduction of distractions
- Follow a routine/schedule
- Teach time management skills
- Verbal and visual cues regarding directions and staying on task
- Space for movement and breaks
- Work in progress check

English Language Learners

- Support with graphics
- Tiered Vocabulary
- Dictionary, Native lang to English
- Additional time
- Review of directions
- Support auditory presentations with visuals
- Hands-on activities
- Verbal and visual cues regarding directions and staying on task
- Books on Tape
- Quiet space to calm down/relax
- Preferential seating
- Reduction of distractions
- Follow a routine/schedule
- Teach time management skills
- Varied choice of activity
- Peer mentor
- Checklists
- Personalized examples


## Gifted and Talented

## Presentation Strategies:

- Vary the method of presentation: lecture, small groups, large group, demonstration, individual experimentation
- Avoid having student copy notes when material is already mastered
Curriculum Strategies:
- Provide opportunities for openended, self-directed activities
- Provide instruction in research skills needed to conduct an independent
study in student's interest area
- Provide independent learning opportunities Use advanced supplementary/reading materials
- Encourage the use of creativity
- Ask higher level questions
- Provide opportunities to develop depth and breadth of knowledge in a subject area
Organizational/Behavioral Strategies:
- Use a Study Contract for student to achieve outcomes
- Use a Learning Log for independent or outside learning
- Establish a timeline for long-range projects
Motivational Strategies:

| - Invite students in your class to share some books or cultural traditions and experiences. |  | - Provide fewer drill and practice activities when material is learned <br> - Give student choices of activities in learning the content <br> - Allow the student to 'buy' time for self-directed activities after material is |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Technology Integration <br> 8.1: All students will use digital tools to access, manage, evaluate and synthesize information in order to solve problems individually and collaborate and to create and communicate knowledge. Kindergarten students will infuse technology into Language Arts by learning to: <br> - Use digital devices to create stories with pictures, numbers, letters and words <br> - Create a document using a word processing application • Demonstrate developmentally appropriate navigation skills in virtual environments <br> - Collaborate with peers by participating in interactive digital games or activities <br> - Engage in a variety of developmentally appropriate learning activities with students in other classes using various media formats such as online collaborative tools <br> - Use the internet to explore and investigate questions with teacher's support. <br> 8.2: All students will develop an understanding of the nature and impact of technology, engineering, technological design, computational thinking and the designed world as they relate to the individual, global society, and the environment. <br> Kindergarten students will infuse technology into Language Arts by learning to: <br> - Identify how technology impacts or improves life <br> - Brainstorm ideas on how to solve a problem or build a product • Explain how using a tool aids in reducing work |  | learned <br> Assessment Strategies: <br> - Give a pretest to allow the student to demonstrate mastery <br> - Provide self-checking materials <br> - Provide tests at a higher level of thinking <br> Environmental Strategies: <br> - Arrange for a mentor to work with the student in interest area <br> - Cluster group gifted/talented students by areas of strength in the classroom <br> - Allow independent use of library |
| Unit Title: Routines: Launching the Reading Workshop | Grade Level: Kindergarten | Time Frame: September |


| Goals | Suggested Mini lessons | Teacher's Notes/Ideas |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| $\square$ Readers build good reading habits | Readers handle books with care and respect. When we read a book <br> we: o Hold the book by the spine <br> o Turn the pages carefully from the corners <br> o Close the book when we finish <br> o Put the book away gently, making sure pagers are not bent <br> o Let the teacher know if a book is damaged so it can be repaired right <br> away <br> o Readers use classroom library properly. | Create Anchor Chart for Book Handling |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Readers follow Reading Workshop routines and procedures. | - Readers follow routines during the reading workshop <br> - Gathering Space for minilessons and Read- Aloud <br> - Sing Gathering Song (Lucy Calkins, We are Readers, Unit 1, pg. 2) <br> - Readers stay focused on one location. <br> - Readers read the whole time. <br> - Hold the book right side up <br> - Keep our eyes on the book <br> - Read the book from the front to the back <br> - We do our best not to disturb other readers <br> - Readers build stamina. <br> - We set reading goals for how long we want to read and we add to that time as time goes on <br> - How to choose a "Just Right" book to read to self <br> - The book is interesting to you <br> - You know some of most of the words <br> - You can understand what you are reading <br> - You could tell about the book | *Create class stamina graph. <br> *Picture read/retell/read words <br> *Anchor charts |


| $\square$ Readers engage in reading activities independently and with a partner. | - Readers have ideas about books and share o <br> We share our favorite books o <br> We share who reads with us o <br> We share where we read <br> o We share the kinds of books we like to read <br> - Model 3 ways to read a book. (Done over the course of three days. First 25 Days) <br> - Readers turn and talk with to a partner o Listen to the teacher's question o Turn to shoulder partner o Keep eyes on your partner <br> o Discuss and share your answer to the question o Build on each other's ideas <br> - Readers read with partners o Sit elbow to elbow, knee to knee (EEKK) o Use a soft voice o Read the entire time o Stay in one spot o Get started right away o Check for understanding | *Anchor charts |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |


| Unit Title: We Are Readers (Unit 1, Lucy Calkins) | Grade Level: Kindergarten | Time Frame: October-November |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Standards: Reading Standards for Literature: RL.K.1, RL.K.2, RL.K.3, RL.K.4, RL.K.7, RL.K.9, RL.K.10 <br> Reading Standards for Informational Text: RI.K.1, RI.K.2. RI.K.3, RI.K.4, RI.K.5, RI.K.7, RI.K.10 <br> Reading Standards: Foundational Skills: RF.K.1, RF.K.2, RF.K.3, RF.K.4 <br> Speaking and Listening Standards: SL.K.1, SL.K.2, SL.K.4, SL.K.6 <br> Writing Standards: W.K.2, W.K.3, W.K.8 <br> Language Standards: L.K.1, L.K.4, L.K.6 |  |  |
| Essential Questions: <br> $\square$ How does reading books help us to learn about the world around <br> us? | Unit Goals/Enduring Understandings: <br> • Readers learn about the world around them using environmental print and books <br> Readers read familiar books to learn to read |  |

Skills:

- Identify parts of a book
- Identify information parts of books provide
- Sound letter relationships
- Silent reading for increasing time
- Decode
- Environmental Print
- Structure, Meaning, Visual cues
- Preview Text
- Predict/Retell
- Activate and use prior knowledge
- Ask and answer questions
- Speak with purpose


## Demonstration of Learning/Assessment Evidence:

## Formative

- Informal assessment/notes-checklist
- Conference Notes
- Anecdotal Notes
- Small Group Observations

Summative

|  | - Teacher Created Assessments Benchmark <br> - MAP/STAR360 <br> Alternative <br> - Teacher Created Assessments |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mentor Texts: <br> The Carrot Seed Mrs. Wishy-Washy Caps for Sale Three Billy Goats Gruff Harry the Dirty Dog The Beetle Alphabet Book Nursery rhymes | Structures: <br> - Read Aloud <br> - Shared Reading | Reading Workshop o Conferring o Partner Talk/ Reading o Mid Workshop Teaching Point/Teacher Share o Small Group Work <br> - Guide Reading <br> - Strategy Lessons |
| Resources: <br> *Unit 1-We are Readers* Lucy Calkins <br> Book Basket/ Book Boxes-Bags <br> Books Read <br> aloud <br> Anchor charts | Integrated Modifications/Accommodations: <br> Special Education <br> - Small group/One to one <br> - Additional time <br> - Review of directions <br> - Student provides oral responses | At Risk of School Failure <br> - Small group/One to one <br> - Student restates information <br> - Concrete examples <br> - Assistance in maintaining uncluttered <br> space • Alternate quiet and active time |

## Interdisciplinary Connections <br> Social Studies; learn about the

 school community and community helpersScience: investigate areas that demonstrate the basic needs of humans

## $21^{\text {st }}$ Century Life and Career

9.1.2.CR.1: Recognize ways to volunteer in the classroom, school and community.

- 9.1.2.CR.2: List ways to give back, including making donations, volunteering, and starting a business - 9.4.2.CI.1: Demonstrate openness to new ideas and perspectives (e.g.,
1.1.2.CR1a, 2.1.2.EH.1
6.1.2.CivicsCM.2).
- 9.4.2.CI.2: Demonstrate originality and inventiveness in work (e.g., 1.3A.2CR1a).
- 9.4.2.CT.3: Use a variety of types of thinking to solve problems (e.g., inductive, deductive)
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- Quiet space to calm down/relax
- Preferential seating
- Reduction of distractions
- Follow a routine/schedule
- Teach time management skills
- Verbal and visual cues regarding directions and staying on task
- Rest breaks
- Immediate feedback
- Books on Tape


## Section 504

- Small group/One to one
- Large print textbooks
- Additional time
- Student provides oral responses
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- Reduction of distractions
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- Teach time management skills
- Verbal and visual cues regarding directions and staying on task
- Space for movement and breaks

Quiet space to calm down/relax

- Preferential seating
- Reduction of distractions
- Follow a routine/schedule
- Teach time management skills
- Varied choice of activity
- Peer mentor
- Checklists
- Personalized examples


## Gifted and Talented

Presentation Strategies:

- Vary the method of presentation: lecture, small groups, large group, demonstration, experimentation
- Avoid having student copy notes when material is already mastered
Curriculum Strategies:
- Provide opportunities for openended, self-directed activities
- Provide instruction in research skills needed to conduct an independent study in student's interest area



## Technology Integration

8.1: All students will use digital tools to access, manage, evaluate and synthesize information in order to solve problems individually and collaborate and to create and communicate knowledge. Kindergarten students will infuse technology into Language Arts by learning to:

- Use digital devices to create stories with pictures, numbers, letters and words
- Create a document using a word processing application Demonstrate developmentally appropriate navigation skills in virtual environments
- Collaborate with peers by participating in interactive digital games or activities
- Engage in a variety of developmentally appropriate learning activities with students in other classes using various media formats such as online collaborative tools
- Use the internet to explore and investigate questions with teacher's support.
8.2: All students will develop an understanding of the nature and impact of technology, engineering, technological design, computational thinking and the designed world as they relate to the individual, global society, and the environment.
Kindergarten students will infuse technology into Language Arts by learning to:
- Identify how technology impacts or improves life
- Brainstorm ideas on how to solve a problem or build a product


## outside learning

- Establish a timeline for long-range projects
Motivational Strategies:
- Provide fewer drill and practice activities when material is learned
- Give student choices of activities in learning the content
- Allow the student to 'buy' time for self-directed activities after material is learned
Assessment Strategies:
- Give a pretest to allow the student to demonstrate mastery
- Provide self-checking materials
- Provide tests at a higher level of thinking Environmental Strategies:
- Arrange for a mentor to work with the student in interest area
- Cluster group gifted/talented students by areas of strength in the classroom
- Allow independent use of library
- Explain how using a tool aids in reducing work

| Goals | Suggested Mini lessons | Teacher's Notes/Ideas |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Readers learn about the world around them using environmental print and books | - Readers read the world around them by recognizing names and signs, and directions and songs. o We can look o We can think o We can read <br> - Readers use books to help them learn about the world. We look through the book and think about what it could be about. We look at the details of the pictures to help us learn about the topic. o We can look o We can think o We can read o We can learn <br> - Readers read to self and with a partner o Intro See-Saw Reading <br> o Review anchor chart for partner reading <br> - Readers read from start to finish, beginning with the cover of the book, turning to the first page and then the next, working our way towards the end. <br> - Readers reread emergent books. (Lesson spans 2-3 days) o We reread to see if we missed anything the first time <br> o We reread to put all the pages of the book together to help us better understand <br> - Readers will understand that rereading and using pictures will help them to learn words. o Readers use the pictures to help them find the matching words on the page. They think what letter the word might start with and find that word on the page. <br> - Readers learn how to model teacher reading. | *Environmental print <br> *Anchor chartspictures walk *Refer to "Guide to Reading Workshop" by Lucy Calkins <br> Teachers-make note of the supporting management and concepts of print(pages 21-22 |


| 2. Readers read familiar books to learn to read | - Readers can read familiar stories they have heard many times independently o We look at the pictures, remember and read $\square$ Readers make words and pictures match. <br> - Readers use favorite storybooks to read. <br> - Readers use exact "character" words to help read the story. o We talk like the character <br> - Readers use favorite storybooks to retell. <br> - Readers use "words" to retell. (Lesson spans for 2 days) o Readers sometimes remember more about the story, which means we can add to what we are reading <br> - Readers remember some of the exact words from the story and find those words. Readers point to those words and read some of them. <br> - Readers will share favorite storybooks with partners. o Favorite part, funny part, confusing part or a word to share | *Three Billy Goats <br> Gruff *Anchor charts <br> *Refer to pg. 94 "We Are Readers" <br> Teachers-make note of the Read-Aloud and Shared reading section pgs. <br> 114-130 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |


| Unit Title: Reading Powers (Unit 2, Super Powers, Lucy Calkins) | Grade Level: Kindergarten |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Standards: Reading Standards for Literature: RL.K.1, RL.K.2, RL.K.3, RL.K.4, RL.K.7, RL.K.9, RL.K.10 <br> Reading Standards for Informational Text RI.K.4, RI.K.7 <br> Reading Standards: Foundational Skills: RF.K.1, RF.K.2, RF.K.3, RF.K.4 <br> Speaking and Listening Standards: SL.K.1, SL.K.2, SL.K.4, SL.K.6 <br> Writing Standards: W.K.2, W.K.3 <br> Language Standards: L.K.1,L.K.2 L.K.4, L.K.6 |  |
| Essential Questions: <br> • How can the pictures help us learn to read the words on a page? • What are <br> some things readers can try to do when we come across a word we don't know? <br> • Why is it important to match our voice to the story? | Unit Goals/Enduring Understandings: <br> • Readers learn how to look, point, and read. <br> • Readers use different reading strategies to help read the words on a page. <br> Readers practice reading smoothly with voice |

## Skills:

- One-to-one correspondence between oral and written words
- Sound letter relationship
- One syllable sight words
- Predict Identify and isolate initial sound
- Fluency
- Decode words with common word parts
- Voice
- Retell
- Ask/Answer questions


## Demonstration of Learning/Assessment Evidence:

## Formative

- Informal assessment/notes-checklist
- Conference Notes
- Anecdotal Notes
- Small Group Observations

Summative

- Teacher Created Assessments

|  | Benchmark <br> - MAP/STAR360 <br> Alternative <br> - Teacher Created Assessments <br> - Running Record |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mentor Texts: <br> So Much by Trish Cooke Brown Bear Brown Bear... The Family Book It's Ok To Be Different | Structures: <br> - Read Aloud <br> - Shared Reading | Reading Workshop o Conferring o Partner Talk/ Reading o Mid Workshop Teaching Point/Teacher Share o Small Group Work <br> - Guide Reading <br> - Strategy Lessons |
| Resources: <br> *Unit 2-Super Powers* Lucy Calkins <br> Snap Words Figure 7-2 <br> Book Basket <br> Books <br> Read aloud <br> Pattern Books <br> Anchor charts <br> Word Wall | Integrated Modifications and <br> Accommodations: Special Education <br> - Small group/One to one <br> - Additional time <br> - Review of directions <br> - Student provides oral responses <br> - Quiet space to calm down/relax <br> - Preferential seating <br> - Reduction of distractions | At Risk of School Failure <br> - Small group/One to one <br> - Student restates information <br> - Concrete examples <br> - Assistance in maintaining uncluttered space - Alternate quiet and active time <br> - Quiet space to calm down/relax <br> - Preferential seating <br> - Reduction of distractions |

## Cross Curricular Connections:

Social Studies - (All About Me) students identify the differences in themselves and others. Students recognize communication can vary in needs and ideas.

Math - Students compare attributes, classify and describe elements in pattern books.

## $21^{\text {st }}$ Century Life and Career

- 9.1.2.CR.1: Recognize ways to volunteer in the classroom, school and community.
- 9.1.2.CR.2: List ways to give back, including making donations, volunteering, and starting a business - 9.4.2.CI.1: Demonstrate openness to new ideas and perspectives (e.g.,


### 1.1.2.CR1a, 2.1.2.EH.1,

6.1.2.CivicsCM.2).

- 9.4.2.CI.2: Demonstrate originality and inventiveness in work (e.g.,
1.3A.2CR1a).
- 9.4.2.CT.3: Use a variety of types of thinking to solve problems (e.g., inductive, deductive)
- 9.4.2.DC.2: Explain the importance of respecting digital content of others.
- 9.4.2.DC.3: Explain how to be safe online and follow safe practices when using the internet (e.g., 8.1.2.NI.3, 8.1.2.NI.4).
- 9.4.2.TL.2: Create a document using a word processing application. 9.4.2.TL.3: Enter information into a spreadsheet and sort the information. - 9.4.2.TL.4: Navigate a virtual space to build context and describe the visual content.
- Follow a routine/schedule
- Teach time management skills
- Verbal and visual cues regarding directions and staying on task
- Rest breaks
- Immediate feedback
- Books on Tape


## Section 504

- Small group/One to one
- Large print textbooks
- Additional time
- Student provides oral responses
- Assistance in maintaining uncluttered space
- Alternate quiet and active time
- Preferential seating
- Reduction of distractions
- Follow a routine/schedule
- Teach time management skills
- Verbal and visual cues regarding directions and staying on task
- Space for movement and breaks

Follow a routine/schedule

- Teach time management skills
- Varied choice of activity
- Peer mentor
- Checklists
- Personalized examples


## Gifted and Talented

## Presentation Strategies:

- Vary the method of presentation: lecture, small groups, large group, demonstration, individual experimentation
- Avoid having student copy notes when material is already mastered
Curriculum Strategies:
- Provide opportunities for openended, self-directed activities
- Provide instruction in research skills needed to conduct an independent study in student's interest area

| Technology Integration <br> 8.1: All students will use digital tools to access, manage, evaluate and synthesize information in order to solve problems individually and collaborate and to create and communicate knowledge. <br> Kindergarten students will infuse technology into Language Arts by learning to: <br> - Use digital devices to create stories with pictures, numbers, letters and words <br> - Create a document using a word processing application | - work in progress check <br> English Language Learners <br> - Support with graphics <br> - Tiered Vocabulary <br> - Dictionary, Native lang to English <br> - Additional time <br> - Review of directions <br> - Support auditory presentations with visuals <br> - Hands-on activities <br> - Verbal and visual cues regarding directions and staying on task <br> - Books on Tapes | - Provide independent learning opportunities Use advanced supplementary/reading materials <br> - Encourage the use of creativity <br> - Ask higher level questions <br> - Provide opportunities to develop depth and breadth of knowledge in a subject area <br> Organizational/Behavioral Strategies: <br> - Use a Study Contract for student to achieve outcomes <br> - Use a Learning Log for independent or outside learning <br> - Establish a timeline for long-range projects Motivational Strategies: <br> - Provide fewer drill and practice activities when material is learned <br> - Give student choices of activities in learning the content <br> - Allow the student to 'buy' time for self-directed activities after material is learned <br> Assessment Strategies: <br> - Give a pretest to allow the student to demonstrate mastery <br> - Provide self-checking materials <br> - Provide tests at a higher level of thinking Environmental Strategies: <br> - Arrange for a mentor to work with the student in interest area <br> - Cluster group gifted/talented students by areas of strength in the classroom <br> - Allow independent use of library |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |

- Demonstrate developmentally appropriate navigation skills in virtual environments
- Collaborate with peers by participating in interactive digital games or activities
- Engage in a variety of developmentally appropriate learning activities with students in other classes using various media formats such as online collaborative tools
- Use the internet to explore and investigate questions with teacher's support.
8.2: All students will develop an understanding of the nature and impact of technology, engineering, technological design, computational thinking and the designed world as they relate to the individual, global society, and the environment.
Kindergarten students will infuse technology into Language Arts by learning to:
- Identify how technology impacts or improves life
- Brainstorm ideas on how to solve a problem or build a product •

Explain how using a tool aids in reducing work

| Unit Title: Reading Powers |  | ecember-January |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Goals | Suggested Mini lessons | Teacher's Notes/Ideas |
| Readers learn how to look, point, and read. | - Readers start from left and move to the right, pointing under each word as we say it • Readers point to every word on the page to make sure it matches the words we say When we stop reading, there cannot be any words left over or any extra words coming out of our mouth (Text/Picture) <br> - Readers know that every word gets one tap (point) including the longer words - <br> Readers recognize "Sight Words/Snap Words" to read the word quickly <br> - Readers use partners to help check and read words | *Anchor charts - We are <br> Super Readers <br> *Brown Bear, Brown Bear.... <br> *Refer to Unit 2 pg. 24 by <br> Lucy Calkins <br> *Beanie Baby" Strategies |


| Readers use different reading strategies to help read the words on a page. | - Readers don't let longer words defeat them. We use pictures to help us figure out the words. We try to use that word in the sentence to see if it makes sense. <br> - Readers can remember sight words (snap words). We look, read, spell, write, look, read to help us remember. (Refer to list of "Snap Words" pg. 46 Figure7-2) <br> - Readers get their lips ready to sound out unfamiliar words. We think to ourselves, does that sounds right? <br> o Readers recognize initial sound of words and think about what makes sense. <br> - Readers try many strategies when they are stuck on a word. Readers reference skills they know and try different ones until they figure out the word. (Refer to Super Readers Anchor Chart) <br> - Readers celebrate all that they know. | *Anchor Charts <br> *Use Level A books for demonstration of picture to predict unknown word pg. 3945 Unit 2 Lucy Calkins Teachers: When assessing students reading abilities during running records, analyze what they do most of: Meaning, Structure, Visual |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Readers practice reading smoothly with voice | - Readers read and read again to become smooth readers. (Read around the room.) • Readers use pattern books to read faster and smoother <br> - Readers use punctuation to help with our reading voice. We make our voice match what the feeling. (Spans between two days) <br> - Readers bring books to life by using book talk with a partner. We introduce the book to our partner and talk about the book. (Spans 2-3 days) <br> - Readers celebrate the books they know and love by giving the gift of reading to others. | *Anchor Charts -PG 67 <br> *Refer to Figure 11-1,11- <br> 2 *Class books/Chants <br> *Book: "Carla’s Big Splash" <br> by Kimberly Beckley <br> *Anchor charts pg 88 fig15-2, fig 15-3 |


| Unit Title: Developing Strong Readers | Grade Level: Kindergarten | Time Frame: February-March |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standards: Reading Standards for Literature: RL.K.1, RL.K.2, RL.K.3, RL.K.4, RL.K.5, RL.K.7, RL.K. 10 <br> Reading Standards: Foundational Skills: RF.K.1, RF.K.2, RF.K.3, RF.K. 4 <br> Speaking and Listening Standards: SL.K.1, SL.K.2, SL.K.4, SL.K. 6 <br> Writing Standards: W.K.2, W.K. 3 <br> Language Standards: L.K.1,L.K. 2 L.K.4, L.K. 6 |  |  |
| Essential Questions: <br> - How do readers use text with pictures to read? <br> - How to use reading strategies to read? <br> - How do readers use fluency? | Unit <br> - R <br> - R <br> - R | tandings: <br> rategies to read harder books <br> sounds to help solve tricky words <br> ading strategies when reading books that break away from |


| Skills: <br> - Letter-Sound relationship <br> - Decode/Blend <br> - Fluency <br> - Understand Text Vocabulary • <br> Ask/ Answer Questions <br> - Predict <br> - Retell <br> - Story Structure <br> - Beginning, Middle, End <br> - Setting <br> - Phrasing/Pitch <br> - Participate in conversations about books <br> - Visualize | Demonstration of Learning/Assessment Evidence: Formative <br> - Informal assessment/notes-checklist <br> - Conference Notes <br> - Anecdotal Notes <br> - Small Group Observations <br> - Running Record <br> Summative <br> - Teacher Created Assessments <br> - Running Record <br> Benchmark <br> - MAP/STAR360 <br> Alternative <br> - Teacher Created Assessments |
| :---: | :---: |
| Mentor Texts: <br> Dragonflies <br> Mouse Has Fun <br> Can you see the eggs? <br> Wake Up, Dad! <br> My Bug Box <br> Oh the Places You Will Go by <br> Dr. Seuss <br> Mentor Texts: <br> Ethan's Cat by Joanna Hurwitz Various types of alphabet book Pete the Cat and His Four Groovy Buttons by Eric Litwin | Structures: <br> - Read Aloud <br> - Shared Reading <br> $\square$ Reading Workshop o <br> Conferring o Partner <br> Talk/ Reading o Mid <br> Workshop Teaching <br> Point/Teacher Share o Small Group Work <br> - Guide Reading <br> - Strategy Lessons |
| Resources: <br> *Unit 3-Bigger Books, Bigger Reading Muscles* Lucy Calkins Snap <br> Words <br> Book Basket <br> Read aloud <br> Pattern Books <br> Anchor charts—Nursery Rhymes -Online digital resources Word Wall | Integrated Modifications and <br> Accommodations: Special Education <br> - Small group/One to one <br> - Additional time <br> - Review of directions <br> - Student provides oral responses <br> - Quiet space to calm down/relax <br> At Risk of School Failure <br> - Small group/One to one <br> - Student restates information <br> - Concrete examples <br> - Assistance in maintaining uncluttered space • Alternate quiet and active time <br> - Quiet space to calm down/relax |

## Cross Curricular Connections:

Math: count (tap out) syllables to
decode larger words.

Social Studies: read nonfiction texts on our nation and geography. Examine fiction and non-fiction stories about trees and seasons, the five senses, and communities

## Technology

| 21 $^{\text {st }}$ Century Life and Career |
| :--- |
| • 9.1.2.CR.1: Recognize ways to |
| volunteer in the classroom, school |
| and community. |
| • 9.1.2.CR.2: List ways to give back, |
| including making donations, |
| volunteering, and starting a business |
| - 9.4.2.CI.1: Demonstrate openness to |
| new ideas and perspectives (e.g., |
| 1.1.2.CR1a, 2.1.2.EH.1, |
| 6.1.2.CivicsCM.2). |
| - 9.4.2.CI.2: Demonstrate originality |
| and inventiveness in work (e.g., |
| 1.3A.2CR1a). |
| • 9.4.2.CT.3: Use a variety of types of |
| thinking to solve problems (e.g., |
| inductive, deductive) |
| - 9.4.2.DC.2: Explain the importance |
| of respecting digital content of others. |
| • 9.4.2.DC.3: Explain how to be safe |
| online and follow safe practices when |
| using the internet (e.g., 8.1.2.NI.3, |
| 8.1.2.NI.4). |
| - 9.4.2.TL.2: Create a document using |
| a word processing application. |
| 9.4.2.TL.3: Enter information into a |
| spreadsheet and sort the information. |
| • 9.4.2.TL.4: Navigate a virtual space |
| to build context and describe the |
| visual content. |

- Preferential seating
- Reduction of distractions
- Follow a routine/schedule
- Teach time management skills
- Verbal and visual cues regarding directions and staying on task
- Rest breaks
- Immediate feedback
- Books on Tape


## Section 504

- Small group/One to one
- Preferential seating
- Reduction of distractions
- Follow a routine/schedule
- Teach time management skills
- Varied choice of activity
- Peer mentor
- Checklists
- Personalized examples

Gifted and Talented
Presentation Strategies:

| - Create a class slideshow using digital photos about the topics we love to read about. <br> Media Literacy <br> - Using print media (books. newspapers, magazines) to practice reading and comprehension skills. <br> Technology Integration: <br> 8.1: All students will use digital tools to access, manage, evaluate and synthesize information in order to solve problems individually and collaborate and to create and communicate knowledge. Kindergarten students will infuse technology into Language Arts by learning to: <br> - Use digital devices to create stories with pictures, numbers, letters and words <br> - Create a document using a word processing application • Demonstrate developmentally appropriate navigation skills in virtual environments <br> - Collaborate with peers by participating in interactive digital games or activities | - Large print textbooks <br> - Additional time <br> - Student provides oral responses <br> - Assistance in maintaining uncluttered space <br> - Alternate quiet and active time <br> - Preferential seating <br> - Reduction of distractions <br> - Follow a routine/schedule <br> - Teach time management skills <br> - Verbal and visual cues regarding directions and staying on task <br> - Space for movement and breaks <br> - work in progress check <br> English Language Learners <br> - Support with graphics <br> - Tiered Vocabulary <br> - Dictionary, Native lang to English <br> - Additional time <br> - Review of directions <br> - Support auditory presentations with visuals <br> - Hands-on activities <br> - Verbal and visual cues regarding directions and staying on task <br> - Books on Tapes | - Vary the method of presentation: lecture, small groups, large group, demonstration, individual experimentation <br> - Avoid having student copy notes when material is already mastered <br> Curriculum Strategies: <br> - Provide opportunities for open-ended, self-directed activities <br> - Provide instruction in research skills needed to conduct an independent study in student's interest area <br> - Provide independent learning opportunities Use advanced supplementary/reading materials <br> - Encourage the use of creativity <br> - Ask higher level questions <br> - Provide opportunities to develop depth and breadth of knowledge in a subject area <br> Organizational/Behavioral Strategies: <br> - Use a Study Contract for student to achieve outcomes <br> - Use a Learning Log for independent or outside learning <br> - Establish a timeline for long-range projects <br> Motivational Strategies: <br> - Provide fewer drill and practice activities when material is learned <br> - Give student choices of activities in learning the content <br> - Allow the student to 'buy' time for self-directed activities after material is learned Assessment Strategies: <br> - Give a pretest to allow the student to demonstrate mastery <br> - Provide self-checking materials <br> - Provide tests at a higher level of thinking <br> Environmental Strategies: <br> - Arrange for a mentor to work with the student in interest area <br> - Cluster group gifted/talented students by areas of strength in the classroom <br> - Allow independent use of library |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |

- Engage in a variety of developmentally appropriate learning activities with students in other classes using various media formats such as online collaborative tools
- Use the internet to explore and investigate questions with teacher's support.
8.2: All students will develop an understanding of the nature and impact of technology, engineering, technological design, computational thinking and the designed world as they relate to the individual, global society, and the environment.
Kindergarten students will infuse technology into Language Arts by learning to:
- Identify how technology impacts or improves life
- Brainstorm ideas on how to solve a problem or build a product •

Explain how using a tool aids in reducing work
(1)

| Unit Title: Developing Strong Readers |  | Grade Level: Kindergarten ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Time | February-March |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Goals | Suggested Mini lessons |  | Teacher's Notes/Ideas |
| 1. Readers use different strategies to read harder pattern books | - Readers can identify easier books and harder books by looking closely at the pages. <br> o Anchor Chart- Challenging Books Have... <br> - Readers read patterns to help read almost every page. Readers figure out the pattern to help read more words on the page <br> - Readers notice changing words in the pattern. When the pattern changes, we use our super reading powers to help us figure out the changing words. Readers monitor their reading and ask does it make sense/sound right? <br> - Readers predict ending of pattern book and have a better understanding of what the whole book is about, from start to finish. |  | *Anchor charts <br> *Compose class pattern books (interactive writing) <br> *Running Records Fig 3-1 pg18 <br> *Fig 4-1 pg24 |


| 2. Readers use letters and sound to help solve tricky words. | - Readers use letters sounds and match it with the picture. We think about what the word could be and match it to the beginning sound. If the first try doesn't work we think of another word that might make more sense. <br> - Readers use letters sounds to solve unknown words. <br> - Readers use letter chunks to read unknown words. <br> - Readers decode from beginning to end of a tricky word. <br> - Readers preview a reading page looking for words we know and can read in a "snap". <br> - Readers monitor reading for comprehension. | *refer to "Lips the <br> Fish" *ABC books <br> *Chunky Monkey" <br> *Blends/diagraphs pg. 62 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3. Readers use different reading strategies when reading books that break away from patterns. | - Readers use the whole picture to tell about the page. <br> - Readers use high frequency words to read less patterned books. (Span 2 days) <br> - Readers come across snap words that may have changed a bit (inflected endings). We take a closer look at the word and see if it is a snap word. (example, playing- we know the word play and then make it make sense in the sentence) <br> - Readers use what they know to make predictions. <br> - Readers reread to bring books to life. <br> - Readers think and talk about books. | *"Eagle Eye" <br> *Snap words <br> *Anchor charts |


| Unit 4: Informational Reading/Poetry | Grade Level: Kindergarten | Time Frame: April-June |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Standards:

| Reading Standards for Literature: | RL.K.1, RL.K.2, RL.K.3, RL.K.4, RL.K.5, RL.K.7, RL.K.10 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Reading Standards for Informational Text: | RI.K.1, RI.K.2, RI.K.3, RI.K.4, RI.K.5, RI.K.6, RI.K.7, RI.K.8, RI.K.9, RI.K.10 |
| Reading Standards:Foundational Skills: | RF.K.1, RF.K.2, RF.K.3, RF.K.4 |
| Speaking and Listening Standards: | SL.K.1, SL.K.2, SL.K.3, SL.K.4, SL.K.6 |


| Writing Standards: | W.K.2, W.K.3, W.K.7, w.K.8 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Language Standards: | L.K.1,L.K.2 L.K.4, L.K.5, L.K.6 |

## Essential Questions:

- How can a love for reading help you be a better student?
- How do readers read and think about informational text?
- How is a poem a lot like a song?


## Unit Goals/Enduring Understandings:

- Readers become avid readers
- Readers understand informational text provides information about a topic •

Readers read poetry, recognizing rhymes and patterns, tone and feeling


## Resources:

## *Unit 4-Becoming Avid Readers* Lucy Calkins

Snap Words
Book Basket
Books
Read aloud
Informational test \& Poetry
Anchor charts
Online digital resources
Word Wall

## Integrated Modifications and

Accommodations: Special Education

- Small group/One to one
- Additional time
- Review of directions
- Student provides oral responses
- Quiet space to calm down/relax
- Preferential seating
- Reduction of distractions

Follow a routine/schedule

## At Risk of School Failure

- Small group/One to one
- Student restates information
- Concrete examples
- Assistance in maintaining uncluttered
space - Alternate quiet and active time
- Quiet space to calm down/relax
- Preferential seating
- Reduction of distractions
- Follow a routine/schedule


## Cross Curricular Connections: <br> Math

- Graphing favorite Star books or favorite characters from star books


## Technology

- Create pod-casts of students retelling old favorite books.


## Media Literacy

- Using print media (books. newspapers, magazines) to practice reading and comprehension skills.
- Read multicultural versions of emergent story books ex. Spanish version of The Three Bears, Goodnight Moon, etc


## 21 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ Century Life and Caree

- 9.1.2.CR.1: Recognize ways to volunteer in the classroom, school and community.
- 9.1.2.CR.2: List ways to give back, including making donations,
volunteering, and starting a business - 9.4.2.CI.1: Demonstrate openness to new ideas and perspectives (e.g., 1.1.2.CR1a, 2.1.2.EH.1, 6.1.2.CivicsCM.2). - 9.4.2.CI.2: Demonstrate originality and inventiveness in work (e.g., 1.3A.2CR1a).
- 9.4.2.CT.3: Use a variety of types of thinking to solve problems (e.g., inductive, deductive)
- 9.4.2.DC.2: Explain the importance of respecting digital content of others.
- 9.4.2.DC.3: Explain how to be safe online and follow safe practices when using the internet (e.g., 8.1.2.NI.3,


### 8.1.2.NI.4).

- 9.4.2.TL.2: Create a document using a word processing application. • 9.4.2.TL.3: Enter information into a spreadsheet and sort the information. • 9.4.2.TL.4 Navigate a virtual space to build context and describe the visual content


## - Teach time management skills

- Verbal and visual cues regarding directions and staying on task
- Rest breaks
- Immediate feedback
- Books on Tape


## Section 504

- Small group/One to one
- Large print textbooks
- Additional time
- Student provides oral responses
- Assistance in maintaining uncluttered space
- Alternate quiet and active time
- Preferential seating
- Reduction of distractions
- Follow a routine/schedule
- Teach time management skills
- Verbal and visual cues regarding directions and staying on task
- Space for movement and breaks
work in progress check


## English Language Learners

- Support with graphics
- Tiered Vocabulary
- Dictionary, Native lang to English
- Additional time
- Review of directions
- Support auditory presentations with visuals
- Hands-on activities
- Verbal and visual cues regarding directions and staying on task
- Books on Tapes
- Teach time management skills
- Varied choice of activity
- Peer mentor
- Checklists
- Personalized examples


## Gifted and Talented

Presentation Strategies

- Vary the method of presentation:
lecture, small groups, large group, demonstration, individual experimentation
- Avoid having student copy notes when material is already mastered
Curriculum Strategies:
- Provide opportunities for openended, self-directed activities
- Provide instruction in research skills needed to conduct an independent
study in student's interest area
- Provide independent learning opportunities Use advanced supplementary/reading materials
- Encourage the use of creativity
- Ask higher level questions
- Provide opportunities to develop depth and breadth of knowledge in a subject
area
Organizational/Behavioral Strategies
- Use a Study Contract for student to achieve outcomes
- Use a Learning Log for independent or outside learning
- Establish a timeline for long-range projects
Motivational Strategies:
- Provide fewer drill and practice activities when material is learned

|  |  |  | $\bullet$ Give student choices of activities in |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Technology Integration:

8.1: All students will use digital tools to access, manage, evaluate and synthesize information in order to solve problems individually and collaborate and to create and communicate knowledge.
Kindergarten students will infuse technology into Language Arts by learning to: •
Use digital devices to create stories with pictures, numbers, letters and words

- Create a document using a word processing application
- Demonstrate developmentally appropriate navigation skills in virtual environments
- Collaborate with peers by participating in interactive digital games or activities
- Engage in a variety of developmentally appropriate learning activities with students in other classes using various media formats such as online collaborative tools
- Use the internet to explore and investigate questions with teacher's support.
8.2: All students will develop an understanding of the nature and impact of technology, engineering, technological design, computational thinking and the designed world as they relate to the individual, global society, and the environment.
Kindergarten students will infuse technology into Language Arts by learning to:
- Identify how technology impacts or improves life
- Brainstorm ideas on how to solve a problem or build a product -

Explain how using a tool aids in reducing work

- Allow the student to 'buy' time for self-directed activities after material is learned
Assessment Strategies:
- Give a pretest to allow the student to demonstrate mastery
- Provide self-checking materials
- Provide tests at a higher level of thinking
Environmental Strategies:
- Arrange for a mentor to work with the student in interest area
- Cluster group gifted/talented students by areas of strength in the classroom
Allow independent use of library

| Unit 4: Informational Reading/Poetry |  | Grade Level: Kindergarten | Time Frame: April-June |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Goals | Suggested Mini lessons | Teacher's Notes/Ideas |  |


| 1. Readers become avid readers. | - Readers understand what "avid" means. o Read a lot! o Find places everywhere to read o Keeps a stack of books-in-waiting o Can't stop reading <br> o Really pay attention to the book <br> - Readers react to stories and pair share. <br> - Readers record their thoughts about books. We can use post-its and write or draw our thoughts about that part. <br> - Readers describe what a character might be feeling in detail. We use precise and just right words to describe what we mean. <br> - Readers set individual goals, focusing on strategies that are used least often over those that we use more often. <br> - Readers understand that reading is like pretending. We imagine what it might look like in our mind. We make a movie from what we read in a book. | *Anchor charts <br> *Reading Journal <br> *Not Norman <br> *Reading Playdates |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2. Readers understand informational text provides information about a topic | - Readers get their mind ready for informational text. We think to ourselves; What kind of book is this? Can I learn something from this book? <br> - Readers use "descriptive" words to sound like an expert. We hold onto what we read so that we could tell others about it. <br> - Reader's pair share on informational text. <br> - Readers find books related to personal topic of interest. <br> - Readers compare and contrast. <br> - Readers pretend and act out nonfiction. | *Video Clips (refer to pg54) *Refer to vowel word work |
| 3. Readers read poetry, recognizing rhymes and patterns, tone and feeling. | - Readers read for meaning and rhythm. <br> - Readers understand felling/meaning of a poem. <br> - Readers create poems with sound patterns. | *Itsy Bitsy Spider <br> *Anchor charts on poems pg. 91 |

